

# Window Wars: Quartz vs. Titanium

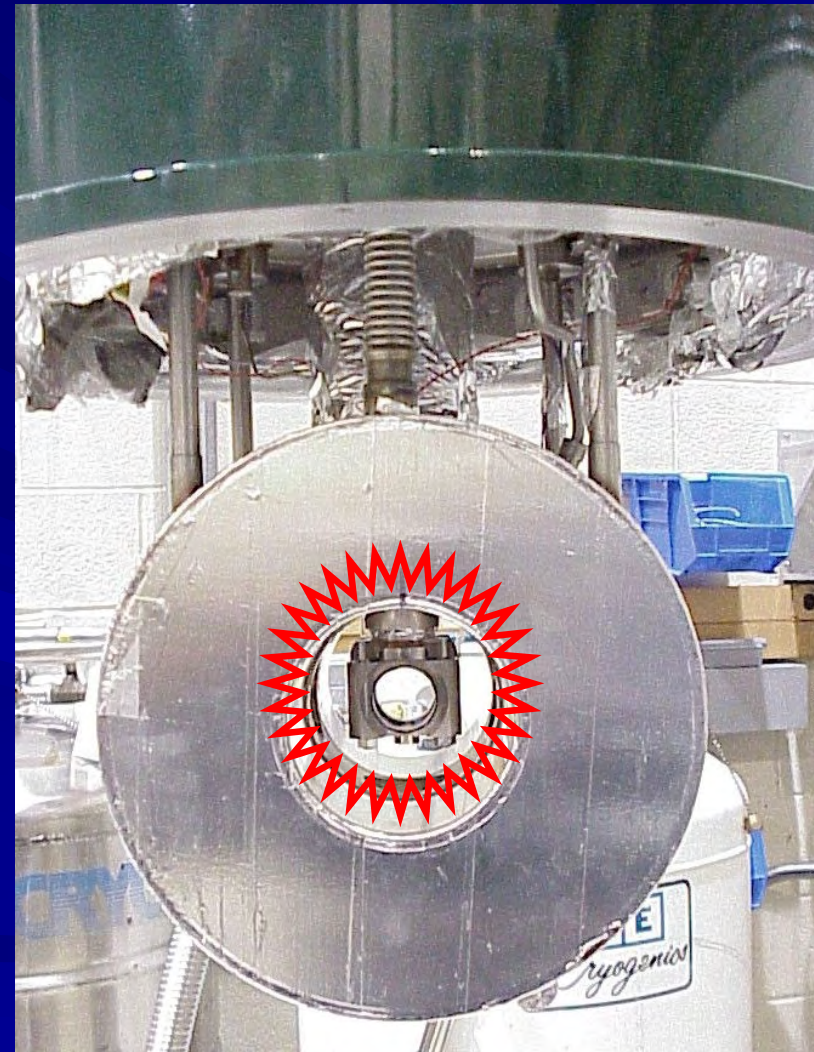
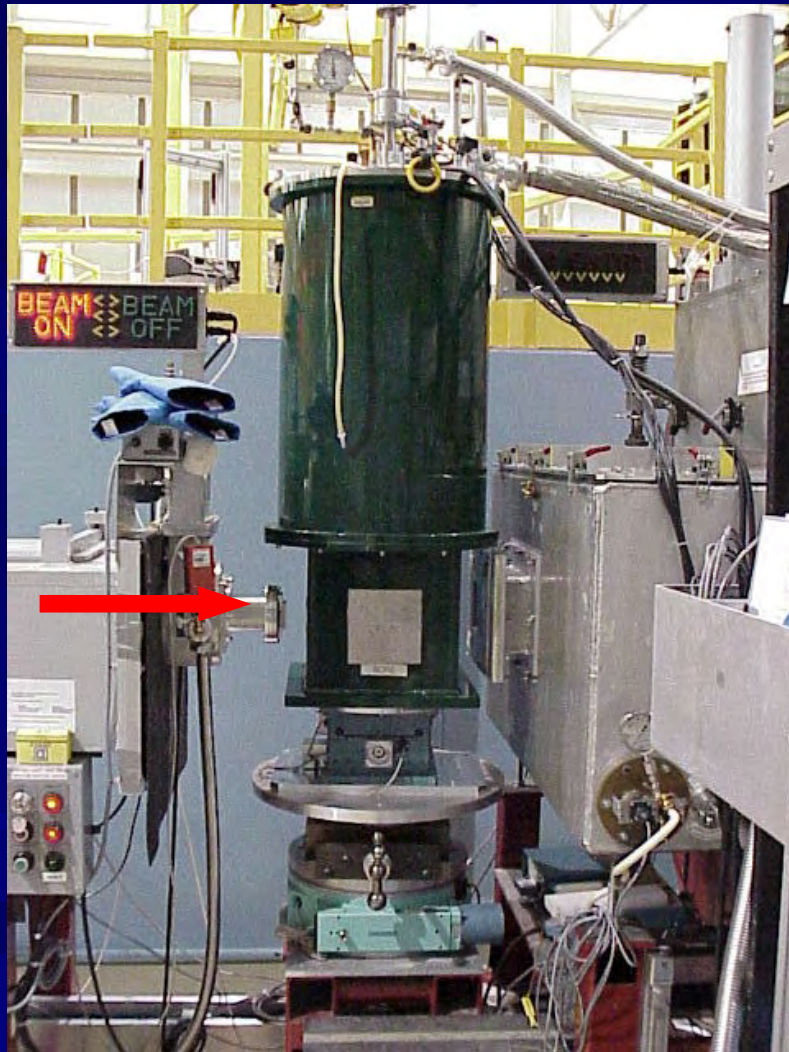
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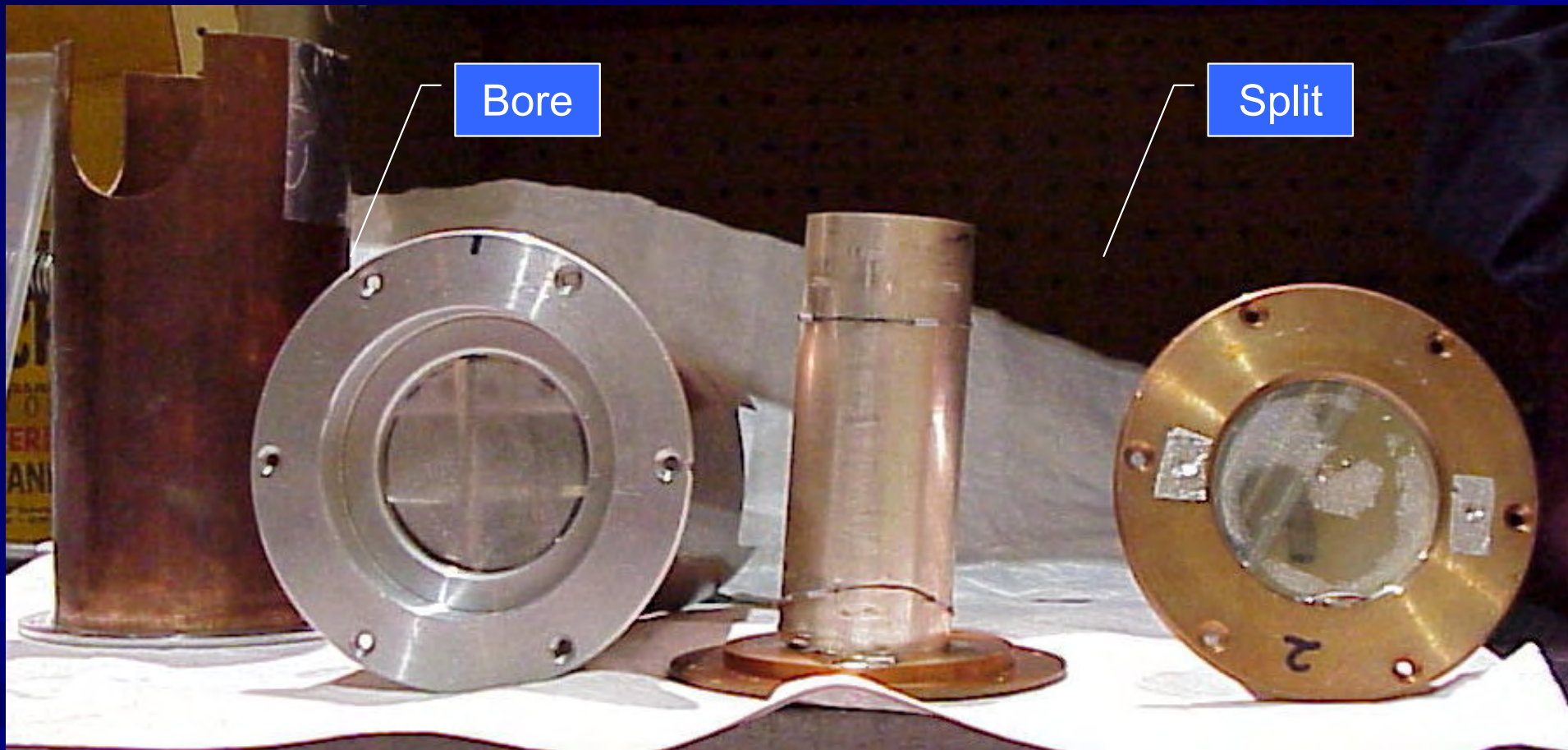
# What am I talking about?

- 9T Horizontal Field Magnet for use on SANS
  - Specifically the neutron window at the bottom of the sample well
    - The cryostat and magnet
    - The original design using sapphire windows
    - The same design but with titanium windows
    - A new quartz “cup” design
    - The how and why we moved between the three
    - Conclusions

# The Cryostat and Magnet



# Nitrogen Shield Windows



# Original Design Features



- Titanium body
- Four bolt/nut clamp assy. Good sample access
- Sapphire windows
- Fragile Stycast 1266 epoxy
  - Difficult to repair or remake
  - Lacks space below beam



# The Trouble Begins...Quickly

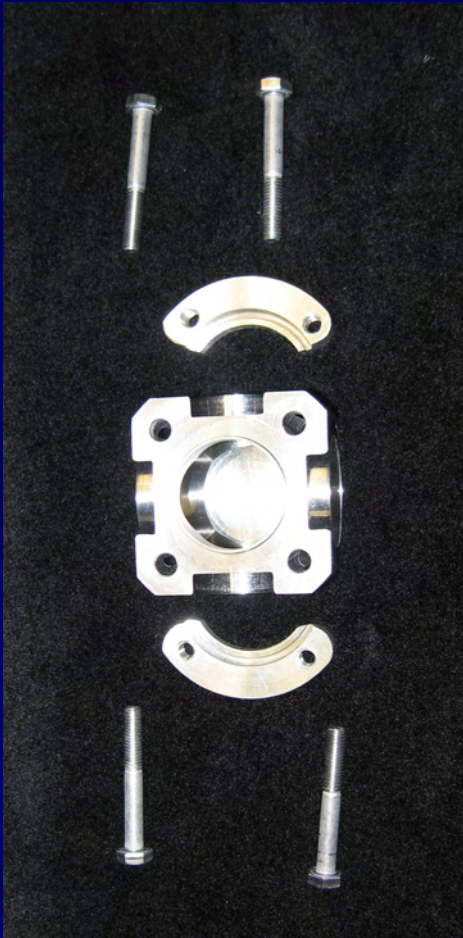
- Window is blown out during first experiment('03)
  - This was user error (I won't name names)
- We attempt to repair it, but fail
  - Discover epoxy solvent (Dynasolve 165) is nasty stuff
- We send it back to the manufacturer for repair
  - This is very time consuming
  - Could also be expensive
- With a lot more oversight the windows survive a few years

# The Trouble Continues

- Started having windows leak consistently('06)
- Had a number of successful repairs (at least short term), but it wasn't easy
  - Leaks were hard to locate
  - It was difficult to remove only one window
  - Same nasty solvent, others didn't work
- New problem:
  - Windows were leak tight until assembled in magnet

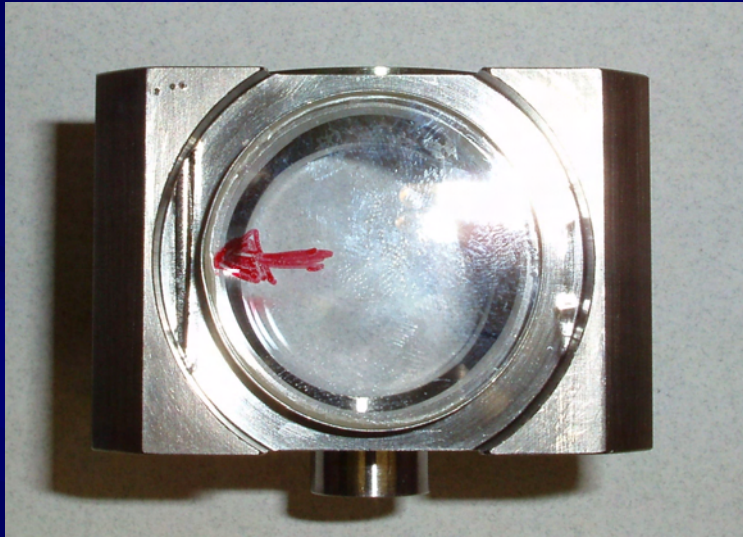


# Clamp Modification



- Caused by stress from bolts
- Modify assembly to:
  - Make indium seal with less force
  - Prevent stress fracturing epoxy seals
- 2 S.S. clamp / 4 Al screw assy
- Outcome:
  - Windows still leaked 😞
  - Easier installation though 😊

# Titanium Time



- Ti block damaged from multiple “repairs”
- Windows would not seal
- Current assembly was scrap

## ■ Requirements for new design:

- More robust sealing method (or no seals at all)
- Acceptable window material
- Manufactured in-house
- Low risk design for now

## ■ Solution:

- Ti windows welded into the current Ti body

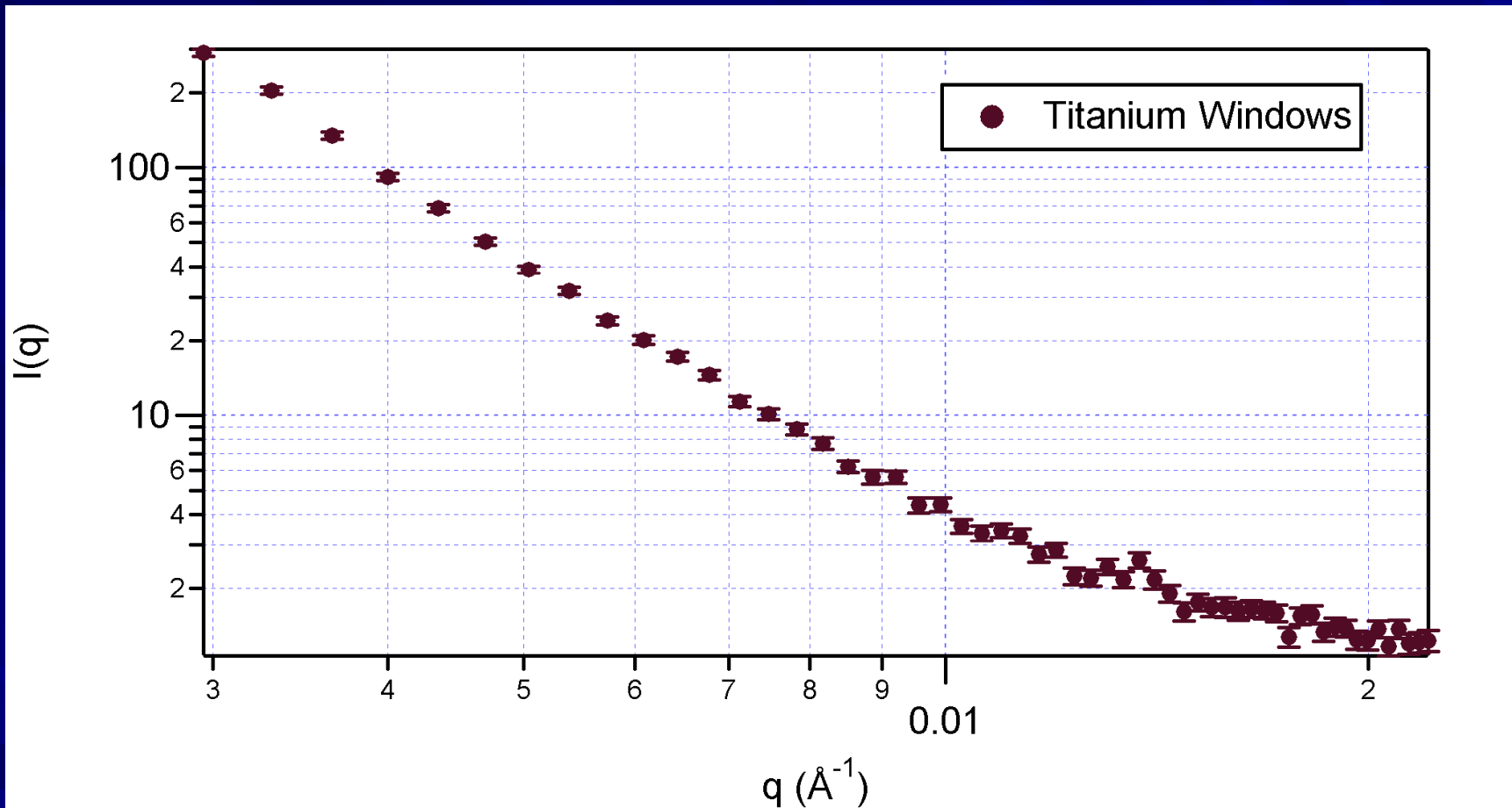
# The Short Term

## ■ Design Features:

- 0.88 mm thick Grade 5 Ti
- Welded directly into original Ti body
- Same clamp design
- Extremely robust
- Implemented quickly
- Ti was shown to be acceptable on SANS
- It worked!



# Titanium Background



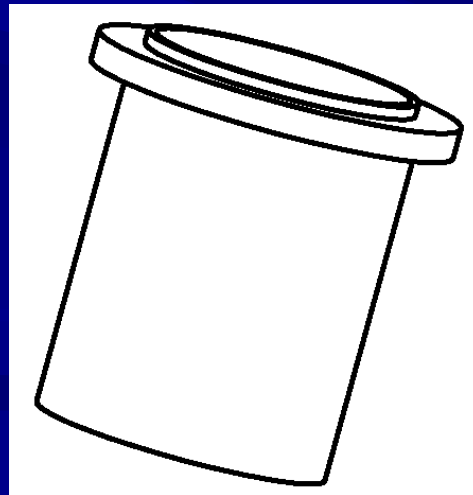
# The Long Term

- At the same time we also started looking into a long term solution with no compromises
- A design that would combine the low background of the sapphire windows with the durability and reliability of the Ti ones

# Initial Quartz Cup Design

## ■ Initial Idea:

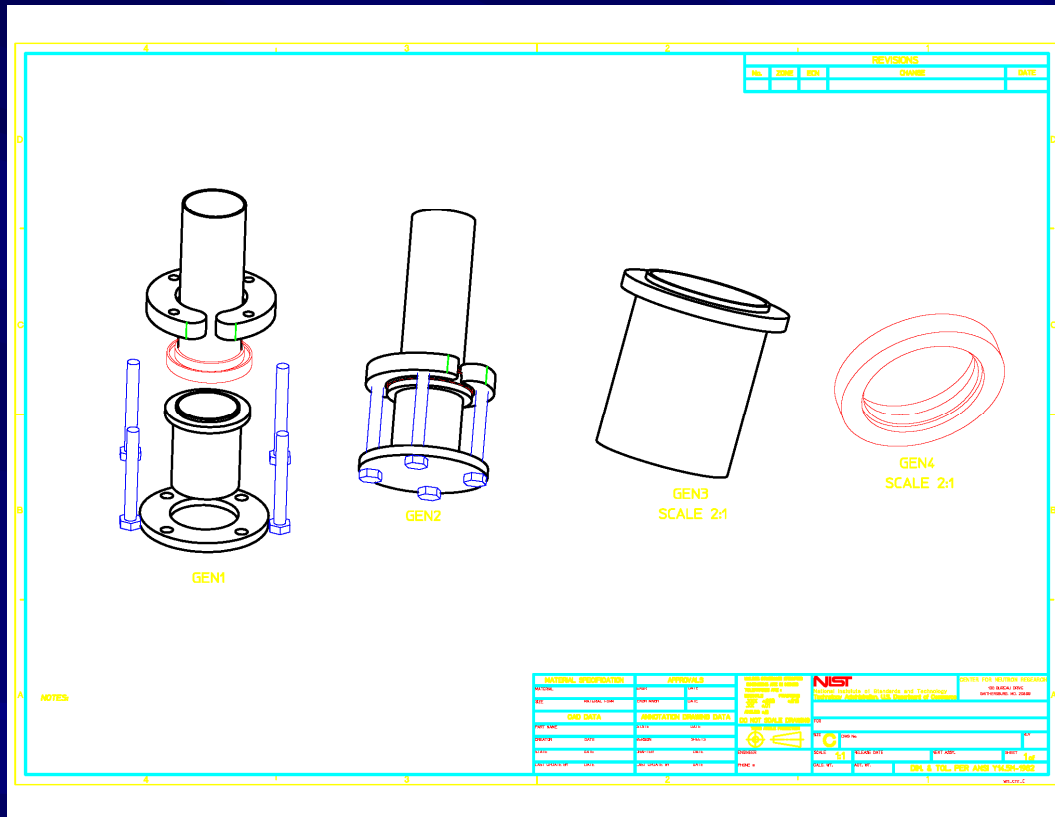
- Quartz cup made at NIST
- Quartz to metal transition commercially available
- A simplified clamp only touching metal



# Why It Did Not Work

- Design never even got on paper
- Cryogenic quartz to metal transitions were all magnetic
- There was not enough room for the simplified clamp above the beam

# Next Design



## ■ Features:

- Solid quartz cup
- Thinned in beam path
- Normal clamp style

## ■ Questions

- Thermal contraction
- Overall length
- Manufacturability of quartz cup



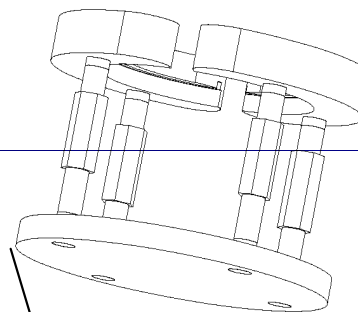
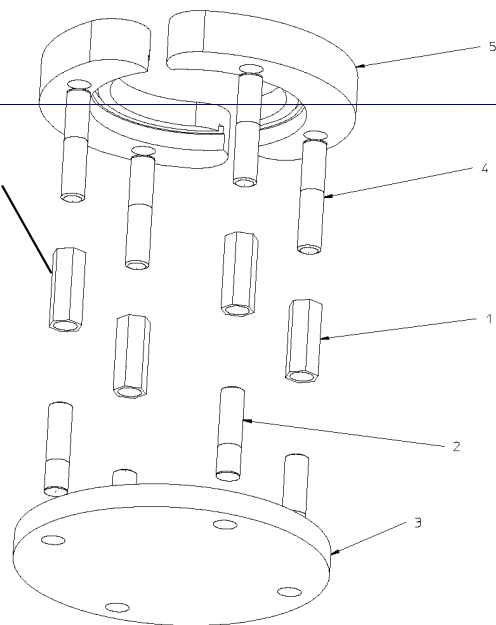
# Clamp Assembly

Material: Titanium

Turnbuckle

Overall Length

REVISIONS				
No.	ZONE	ECN	CHANGE	DATE
1				



Exploded View

Assembled View

BOM: Clamp2\_Assy

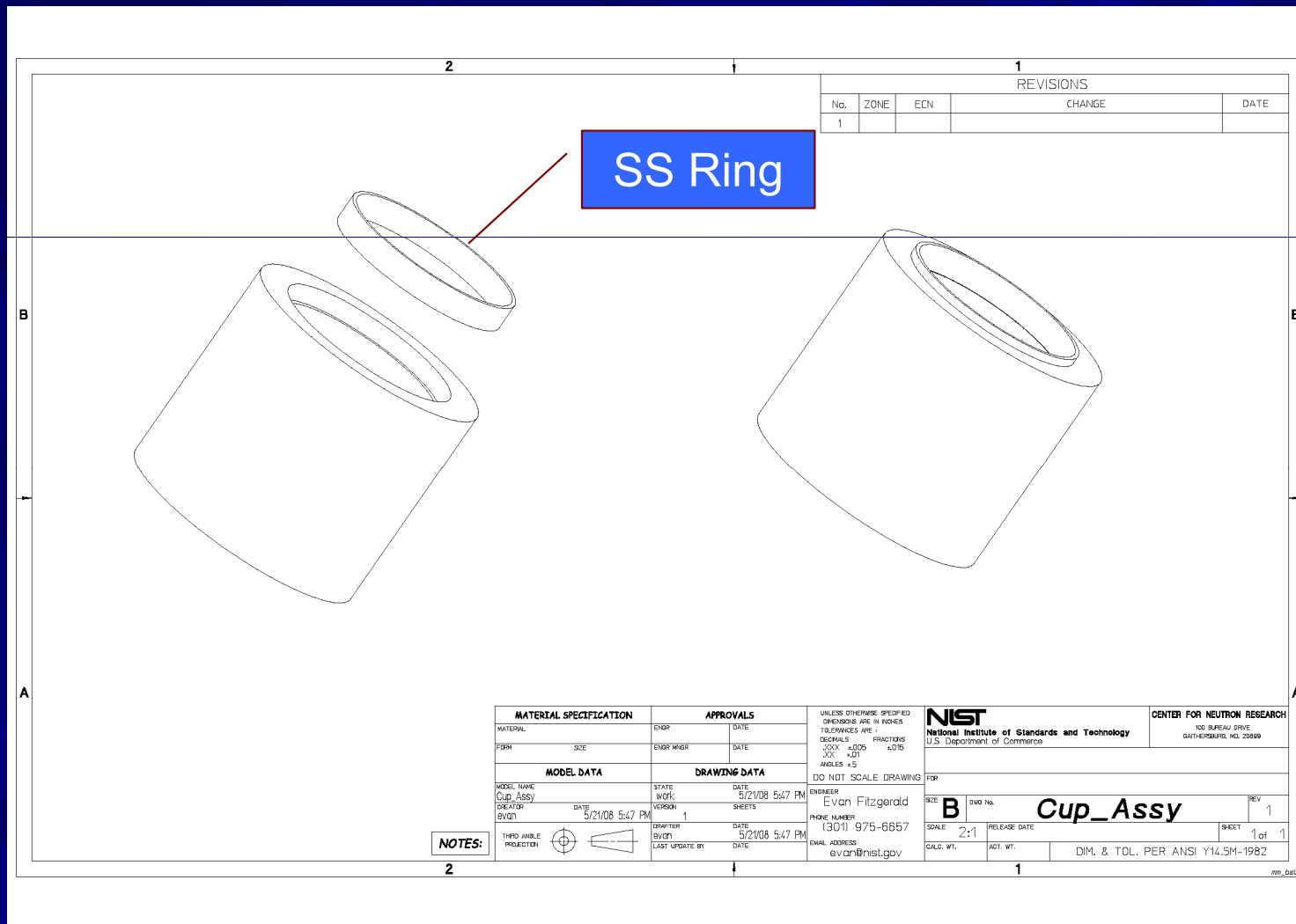
Pos	Qty	Part Name	Part No.	Material
1	4	Turn_buckle	014-0625	TITANIUM
2	4	10-32_Rod	014-0628	TITANIUM
3	1	9T_Mag_Well_Ring_lower	014-0629	TITANIUM
4	4	10-32_Rod.1	014-0626	TITANIUM
5	1	9T_Mag_Well_Ring.1.1	014-0627	TITANIUM

NOTES:  
1. See BOM for part numbers and quantities.

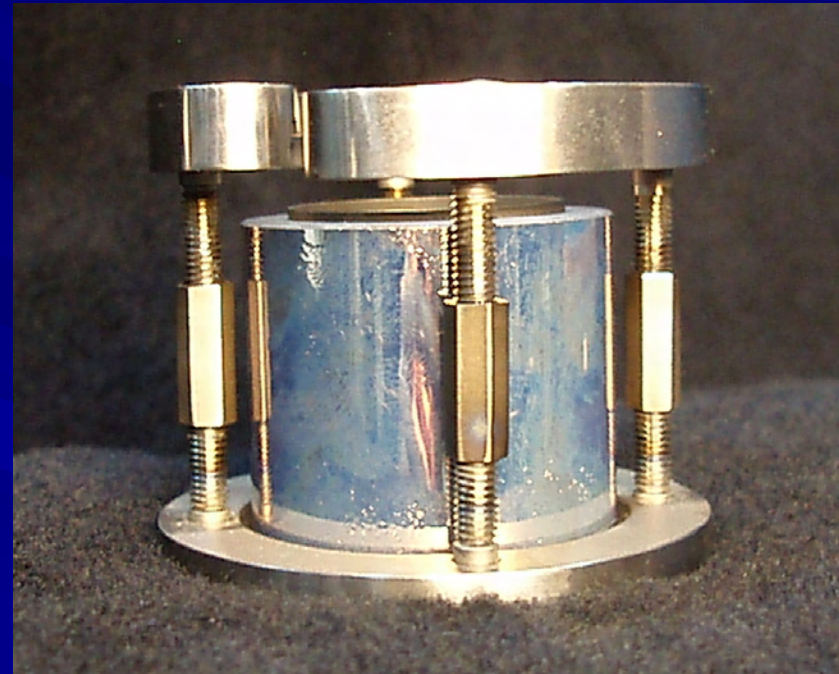
MATERIAL SPECIFICATION	APPROVALS	UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES	NIST	CENTER FOR NEUTRON RESEARCH
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS CENTER FOR NEUTRON RESEARCH 101 BUREAU DRIVE GAITHERSBURG, MD 20885	DESIGNED BY: [Blank] DATE: [Blank] DRAWN BY: [Blank] DATE: [Blank]	DIMENSIONS SHOWN IN PARENT PARENTHESIS TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER DIMENSIONS SHOWN IN CHILD PARENTHESIS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES DECIMALS ARE TO BE ROUNDED UP TO THE NEXT HIGHER DECIMAL PLACE DIMENSIONS ARE TO BE TAKEN TO THE CENTER UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE TO BE TAKEN TO THE SURFACE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE TO BE TAKEN TO THE CENTER UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE TO BE TAKEN TO THE SURFACE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED	NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY TECHNOLOGY ADMINISTRATION, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE 9T-HF ScMag Quartz Cup Clamp Assy.	101 BUREAU DRIVE GAITHERSBURG, MD 20885
MODEL DATA MODEL NAME: 014-0630 Assy MODEL NUMBER: 014-0630 MODEL DATE: 9/28/07 2:31 PM MODEL AUTHOR: Evan Fitzgerald MODEL DATE: 9/28/07 2:31 PM	APPROVALS EVAN FITZGERALD DATE: 9/28/07 9:44 AM	DRAWING DATA SCALE: WORK SHEETS: 2 DRAWN BY: Evan Fitzgerald DATE: 9/28/07 4:28 PM CHECKED BY: Evan Fitzgerald DATE: 9/28/07 4:28 PM DRAWN BY: Evan Fitzgerald DATE: 9/28/07 4:28 PM	DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS THIRD ANGLE PROJECTION SIZE: C PART NO: 014-0630 SHEET: 1 of 2 SCALE: 2:1 RELEASE DATE: [Blank] DATE: [Blank]	SHEET: 1 of 2 DIM. & TOL. PER ANSI Y14.5M-1982



# Final Cup Design



# Final Product

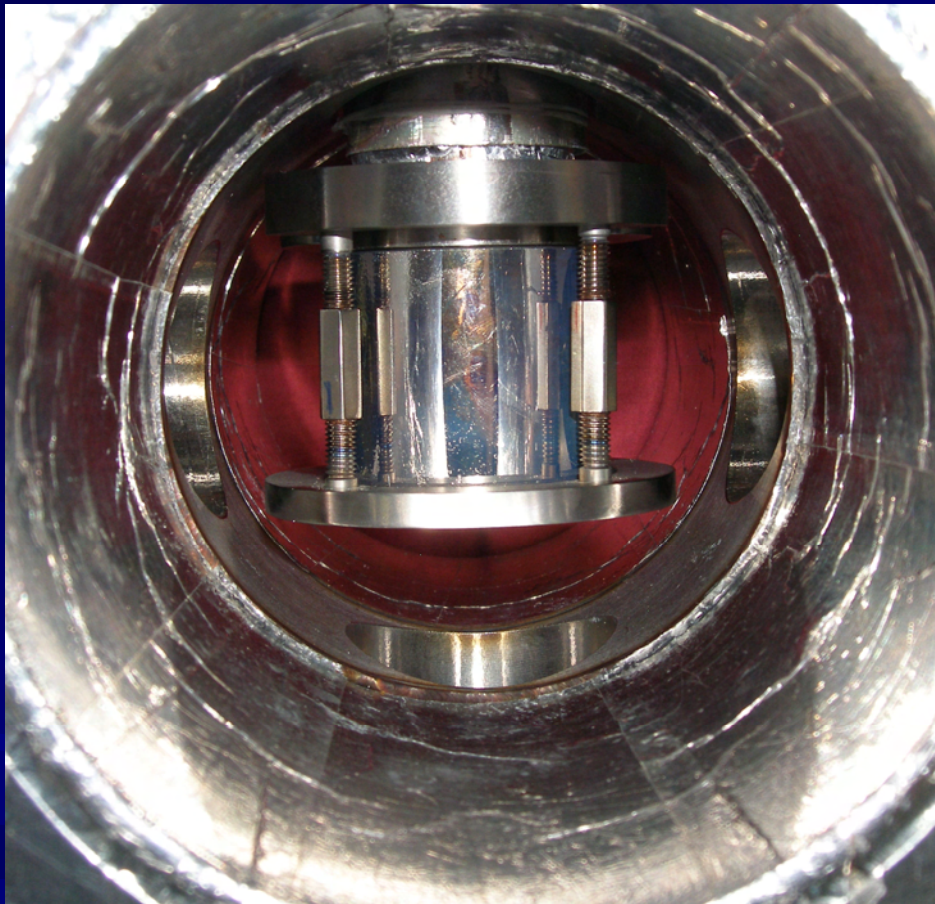


# Final Touches

- Indium sheet under quartz cup
  - Smooth surface
  - Thermal contraction
- Slight modification to indium support ring



# Installation

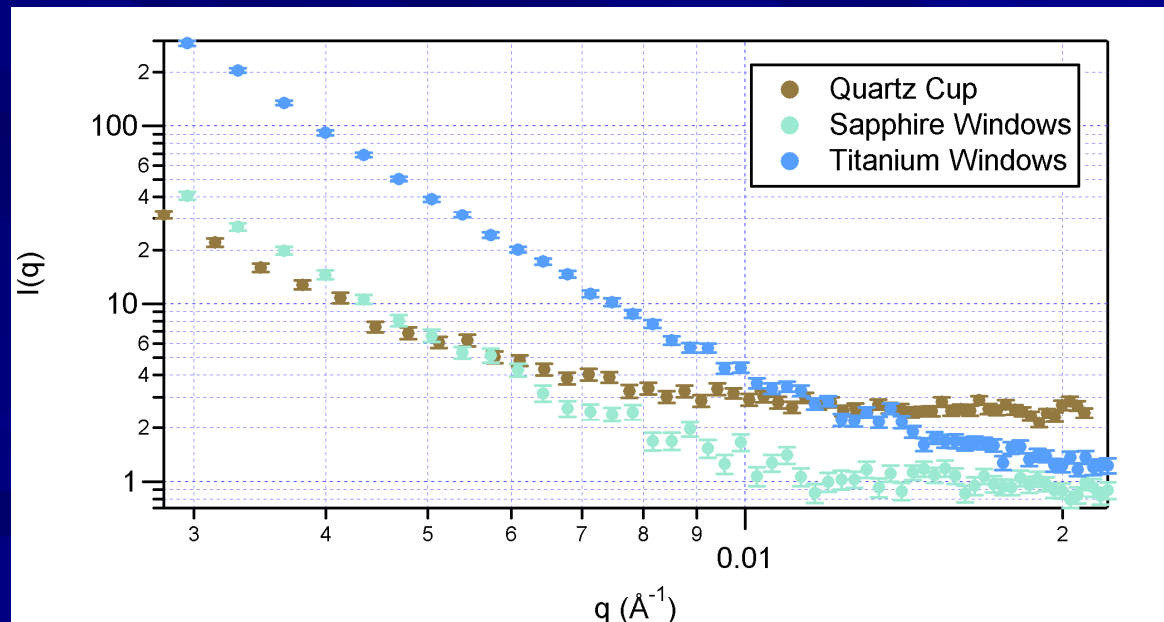


- Installation tedious, but simple
- LN2 shields were only casualty
- Leak tight through first cooldown to 2.9K



# Conclusions

- Need to do more thorough offline tests including sample load/unload and thermal cycling
- Initial results are promising
- Background comparison as expected





# Acknowledgements

- Sample Environment Team
  - Dr. Dan Dender, Dr. Jeff Lynn, Bill Clow, Julia Scherschligt
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  - Dr. Paul Butler, Dr. Lionel Porcar, Jeff Krzywon
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  - Doug Johnson, Scott Slifer
- NIST Glass Shop
  - Jeff Anderson, Jack Fuller